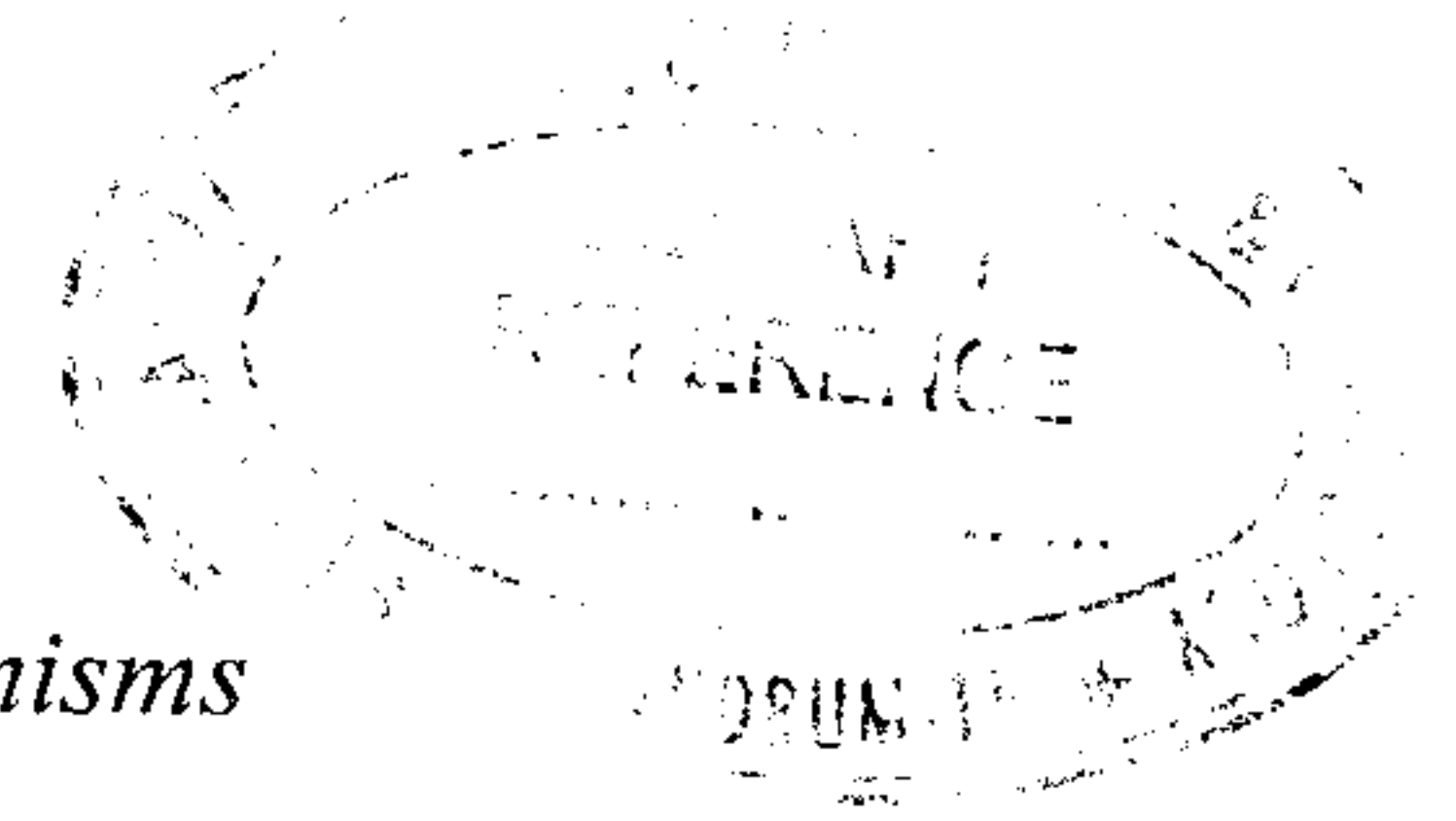


**APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**SECOND SEMESTER M.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2018**  
*Branch: Mechanical Engineering*

Stream(s):

1. **Machine Design**
- 2.

Course Code & Name: 01ME6102 Advanced Theory of Mechanisms



Answer any two full questions from each part  
 Limit answers to the required points.

Max. Marks: 60

Duration: 3 hours

**PART A**

1. a. The crank of a slider crank mechanism rotates clockwise at a constant speed of 300 r.p.m. The crank is 150 mm and the connecting rod is 600 mm long. Determine linear velocity and acceleration of the midpoint of the connecting rod. 5
- b. For the above problem, determine angular velocity and angular acceleration of the connecting rod, at a crank angle of  $45^\circ$  from inner dead centre position. 4
2. a. Derive the two forms of Euler-Savary equation from the Hartmann's construction. 4
- b. Find the inflection circle for motion of slider crank of Fig.1 and determine the instantaneous radius of curvature of path of coupler point C.  $R_{AO_2} = 2$  in. And  $R_{BA} = 2.5$  in. 5

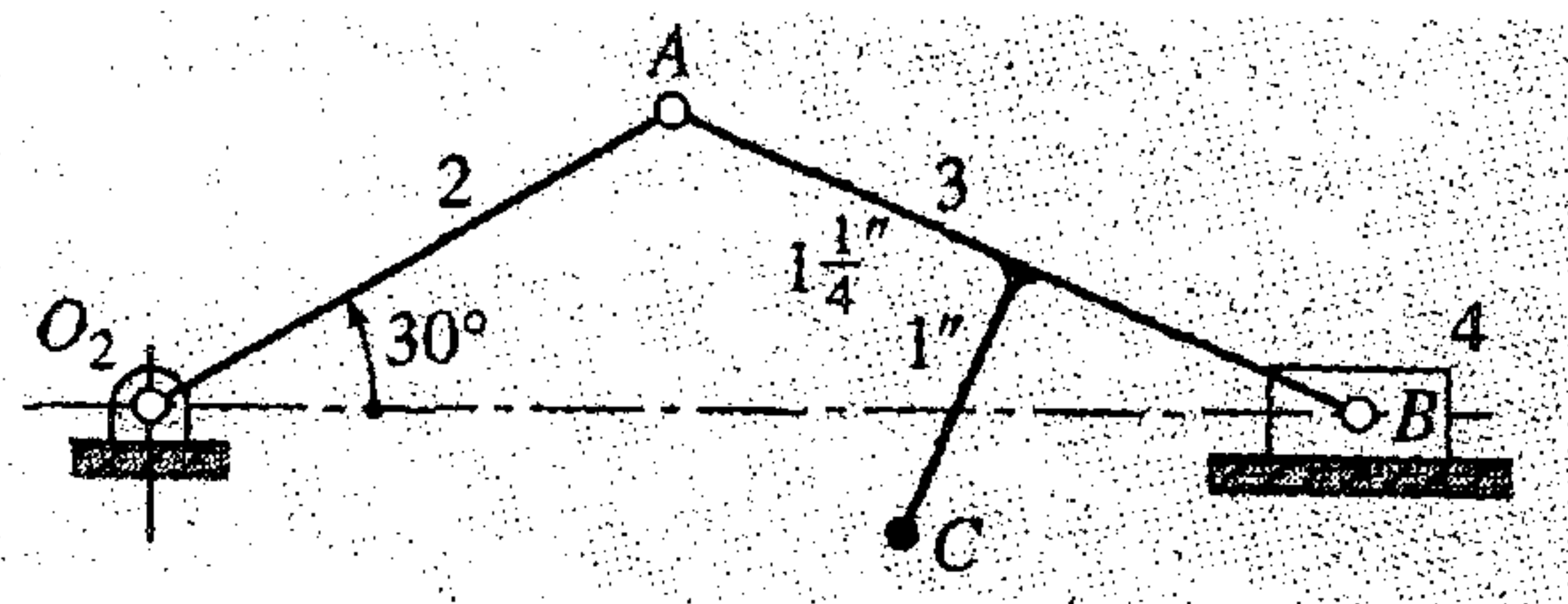


Fig.1

3. a. What is Bobillier's theorem? Show by neat illustration, how Bobillier's theorem is used to locate the inflection circle? 4
- b. Find the inflection circle for the motion of coupler of a slider crank chain having the following specifications - radius of crank = 5 cm, length of connecting rod = 7.5 cm. Crank makes an angle of 30 degree with line of stroke. Also find instantaneous radius of curvature of path of a coupler point located 2.5 cm from crank pin. 5

**PART B**

4. a. Derive four bar mechanism coupler curve equation 6

- b. What do you mean by asymptotes of coupler curve? 3
5. a. State and prove Robert's law of cognate linkages 5
- b. Show that any coupler curve of a four bar mechanism can be traced by an equivalent five bar mechanism. 4
6. a. Obtain relations for cam contact force and torque applied for eccentric cam systems in SHM from first principles. Also plot them along with displacement, velocity and acceleration against crank angle. 4
- b. Derive relations for follower response considering effects of follower elasticity. Plot and compare the follower response with cam motion. 5

### PART C

7. a. Determine the proportions of four bar mechanism, by using three precision points, to generate  $y = x^{1.5}$ , where  $x$  varies between 1 and 4. Assume  $\theta_s = 30^\circ$ ;  $\Delta\theta = 90^\circ$ ;  $\phi_s = 90^\circ$ ; and  $\Delta\phi = 90^\circ$ . Take length of the fixed link AD as 25 mm. 6
- b. Design a four bar mechanism using graphical method to co-ordinate the input and output angles as follows :Input angles =  $15^\circ, 30^\circ$  and  $45^\circ$ ; Output angles =  $30^\circ, 40^\circ$  and  $55^\circ$ . 6
8. a. Derive an expression for transmission angle of a four bar mechanism in terms of link lengths. Determine the maximum and minimum transmission angles 6
- b. The mechanism shown in Fig.2 has  $AoBo$  fixed and is driven by turning  $AoA$ . Find out geometrically the maximum and minimum transmission angles.  $AoBo = 6$  cm,  $AoA = 4$  cm,  $AB = 3$  cm and  $BoB = 8$  cm. 6

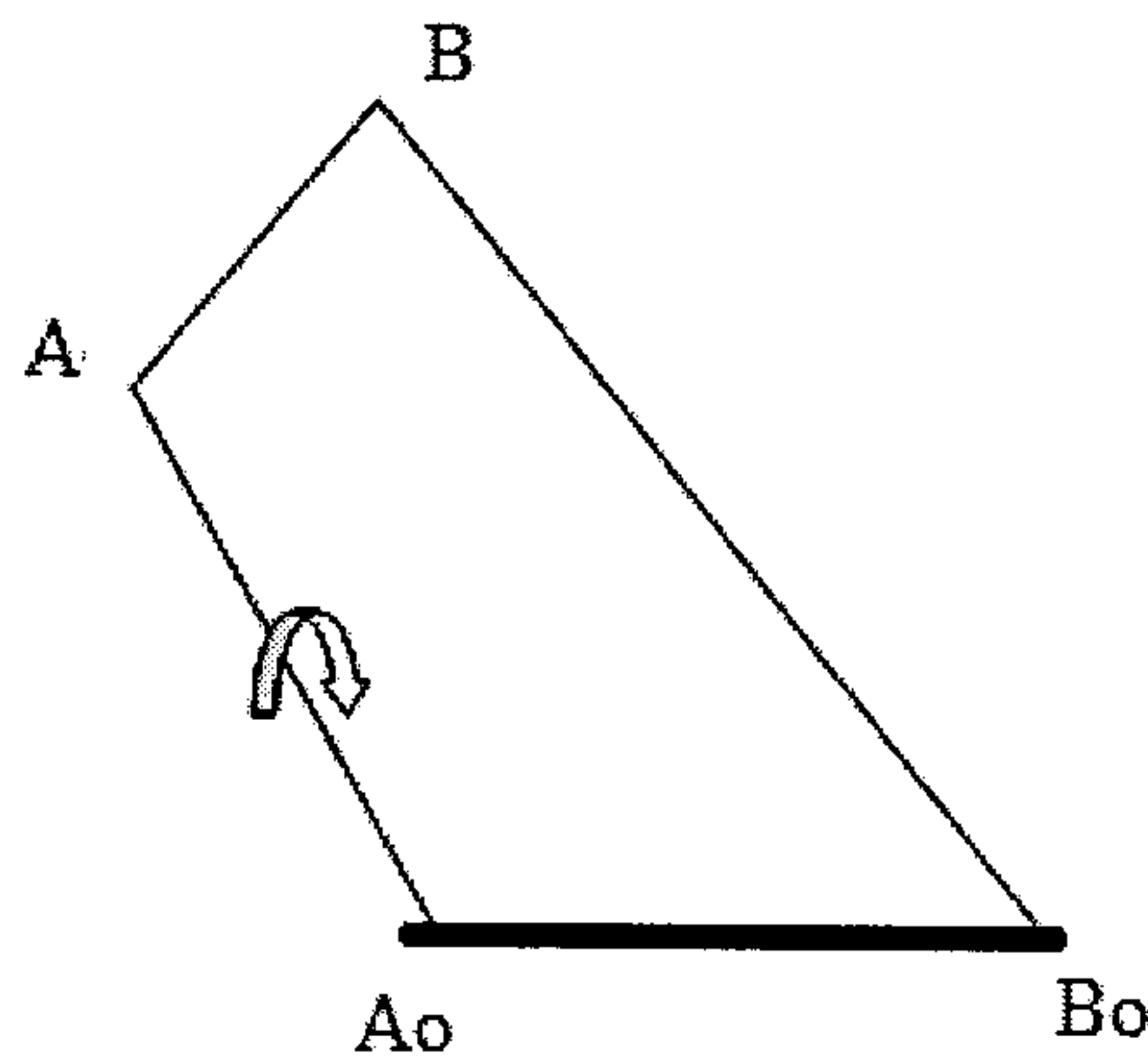


Fig.2

9. a. Derive relations for angular momentum of a rigid body in three dimensions 4
- b. Derive relations for kinetic energy of a rigid body in three dimensions. How will they change for a rigid body with fixed point? 4
- c. Derive the Euler's equations of motion. 4